

# EMPEROR CHARLES MEETS KAISER AND REFUSES TO AGREE WITH HIM CONFLICT OVER PLANS DEVELOPING

## Russian Invasion Is Bone of Contention, But Austrian Stand Seems Likely To Help Slavs But Little

WASHINGTON, February 28—(Associated Press)—There seems to be little doubt, says an official despatch from France to the state department, received yesterday, that a serious conflict of policy and desire has arisen between Germany and Austro-Hungary, based largely on the resumption of the aggressive campaign against Russia and the German territorial demands upon that beaten foe.

The despatch quotes the Austrian premier, Count Czernin, as repeating in vigorous terms the statement that Austro-Hungary will not take part in any military moves against Russia nor against Rumania, with which nations the Austro-Hungarians regard themselves as in process of peace negotiations.

### CHARLES DEFIES WILHELM

The dispute between the allies came to a head, it is claimed, at a meeting between the Kaiser and Emperor Charles on the twenty-second, at which conference between the two sovereigns the Hapsburg stand against the Hohenzollerns was reiterated.

The Austro-Hungarian stand is of small benefit to Russia, however, as the Germans refuse to consider an armistice and continue to advance upon Petrograd. The Bolsheviks are issuing brave sounding proclamations and are announcing the determination of the Slavs to fight to the death, but the people are responding to only a slight extent and the greater part of the army is openly mutinous and contemptuous of the orders from their government.

### ENOUGH FIGHTING, DECLARE SLAVS

An official announcement of the Bolsheviks, sent out by wireless from Petrograd and received at London, says: "The revolution will defend itself against Germany. Every possible obstacle must be placed in the way of the German invasion. Germany has refused to grant our request for an armistice."

On the other hand, the correspondents of the London press a Petrograd send out highly discouraging despatches, saying that the Germans will have little real difficulty in reaching and occupying the Russian capital. "The Russian troops," reports one correspondent, "have, almost without exception, refused to fight the advancing Teutons. 'We have had enough of fighting,' they say in effect, 'let the Germans come and take us'."

### ADVANCE WILL CONTINUE

General Hoffman, commander of the German army of invasion in North Russia, replying to a request from Ensign Krylenko that an armistice be entered into, pending the signing of the peace treaty says that the Teuton advance will be continued until the peace treaty is actually signed and will not be stopped so long as there exists any possibility of the Russians not agreeing to carry out the peace conditions as laid down in the latest German terms.

Petrograd announces that in the fighting in the south the revolutionists have entered and occupied the town of Novo Tcherask, the capital of the Don Cossack Republic.

A Vienna despatch via Berne states that there is continuous fighting in South Russia between the Bolsheviks and the allied Bersarabians and Rumanians.

# Tagore Was German Agent Implicated In Hindu Plot

## Indian Poet Visited Japan In Hun Interests, Testimony In Case Shows

SAN FRANCISCO, February 28—(Associated Press)—Sir Rabindranath Tagore, the famous Indian poet and mystic, who traveled throughout the United States last year ostensibly on a lecture tour, acted as the agent of the German government in a visit to Japan, according to the inference of sensational testimony introduced yesterday by the government in the trial of the Hindu plot case.

Letters and cablegrams introduced into evidence connected Tagore, Doctor Zimmermann, German foreign minister; Count von Bernstorff, former ambassador to the United States, and Count von Luxburg, German charge d'affaires at Buenos Ayres, with the conspiracy to bring about a native uprising in India against the British authorities and compel the withdrawal of British troops from the European battlefronts.

The evidence introduced yesterday was part of that which the government prosecutors reserved the right to introduce in closing their case Tuesday. At that time they said they would introduce "highly confidential evidence from the state department."

The letters introduced as evidence were, it is asserted, seized by British censors while en route to the United States, Rotterdam and Copenhagen and were written by Zimmermann, Bernstorff, Luxburg and Tagore. The letters, being of a highly confidential nature, were not read in open court.

There was also introduced a cablegram which created one of the biggest sensations of the trial. This cablegram was alleged to have been sent by Count von Bernstorff, while he was ambassador to the United States, to Z. N. Olfers of Amsterdam.

In this cablegram von Bernstorff said that Sir Rabindranath had visited Japan and had interviewed Count Okuma, then premier of Japan, and Teruchi, who is now premier. Teruchi, the message said, was "favorable."

No explanation was made of what it was that Teruchi favored, but it is the theory of the prosecution that Tagore visited Japan on a mission for Germany, then at war with England.

Motions of attorneys for the defense that the charges against two of the defendants be dismissed were denied by Judge Van Fleet. The two defendants are Edwin Deinart, who was commander for the former German ship J. H. Ahlers, which was interned at Hilo, and Heinrich Elbe, commander of the Holstein, which took refuge in Honolulu harbor.

# CANNERS ADVISED TO HOLD THEIR PRODUCTS

## Quantities Not Wanted Will Be Released, Says Hoover

WASHINGTON, February 28—(Associated Press)—Herbert C. Hoover, national food administrator, issued yesterday to canners throughout the United States the advice to hold their corn, peas, tomatoes, so on and string beans for government use. Such of the canned produce as are not needed by the government for use by the army will be released for general distribution, Mr. Hoover said.

# SAXON PRINCE TO BE KING OF LITHUANIA

ZURICH, Switzerland, February 28—(Associated Press)—Negotiations are progressing, it is learned here, for a union of Saxony and Lithuania. Prince Frederick Christian, second son of the King of Saxony, will probably be made King of Lithuania.

### BEST MEDICINE MADE.

A better medicine can not be made than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It relieves the lungs, opens the secretions, aids expectoration and assists Nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. Besides, it contains no opiates and is perfectly safe to take. For sale by all dealers. Benson Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.—Adv.

# GERMAN SOCIALIST ANSWERS HERTLING

## German People Did Not Fight To Conquer Belgium, He Declared

LONDON, February 28—(Associated Press)—"The independence of Belgium must be secured," declared Philip Scheidmann, leader of the Socialists in the German reichstag on Tuesday, "the course of the debate which followed the exposition of the foreign aims of the government made by Chancellor von Hertling. The Socialist leader was outspoken, according to the reports received from Amsterdam."

The German people, he declared, had not carried on the war for the sake of liberating Russia nor of subjugating Belgium. "The independence of Belgium must be secured in the general peace treaty. Neither do we desire to humiliate our enemy, Russia. We do not desire that, nor do we desire a peace secured by force."

In the house of commons here, Foreign Minister Balfour stated that he could find nothing in the speech of von Hertling to form the basis for any serious conversations, why did the chancellor's explanations offer any hope for peace at present with Germany.

# Glorious Victory! Hospital Ship Is Sunk By Germans

## Fun Deed Lacks Completeness, However, For There Were No Wounded Men Aboard—American Torpedo Boat Aids Survivors

LONDON, February 28—(Associated Press)—The British hospital ship *Waverley* has been sunk in Bristol Channel by a German submarine. It was announced here last night. There were no wounded men or other patients aboard the ship when the torpedo struck her, but there were two hundred other persons. How many were lost is not yet known.

An American torpedo boat went to the rescue of the *Waverley* when the latter vessel sent out a call for help. These thirty-four have been landed at and aided in rescuing survivors. Of Swansea by the American vessel.

# THIRTY-FIVE SUNK BY WOLF IS CLAIM

## Exploits of German Raider Grown With the Telling—Troop Transports Among Victims

BERLIN, February 28—(Associated Press)—The raider *Wolf*, which arrived recently at the Austrian port of Pola on the Adriatic, destroyed no less than thirty-five vessels during her reign of terror in the Pacific, Indian and Atlantic Oceans, it is officially announced.

Of the vessels captured and sunk some were troop ships, the government announces. Berlin is jubilant over the exploits of the raider as recounted by her captain, and the entire crew are wearing iron crosses given by the Kaiser to express his gratification over the sinking of so many vessels belonging to hostile powers.

The *Wolf* was out fifteen months, harrying the vessels of enemy nations over three seas, her commander asserts.

# HUNDRED MILLION IS NEEDED BY RED CROSS

## Campaign Will Be Started To Raise That Amount

KANSAS CITY, February 28—(Associated Press)—One hundred million dollars is needed by the American Red Cross, and a campaign will be started next May to raise that amount. According to a telegram received here from the National War Council, the next meeting of the American Red Cross will be held from May 6 to May 13, at which time plans will be made for the raising of the hundred million dollars needed by the organization to carry on its great work for suffering humanity.

# BRITISH LOSSES BY SUBMARINES GROW

## Last Week Above Average—25 Sinkings Reported

LONDON, February 28—(Associated Press)—British marine losses from mines and submarines rose above the recent average for last week, according to the report made yesterday by the admiralty. During the week, fourteen ships of the official report, fourteen ships of sixteen hundred tons or over were sunk with four smaller ships and seven fishing crafts.

# ONE MAN IS KILLED, FIVE WOUNDED BY GRENADE EXPLOSION

## Tragic Accident Occurs At School Barracks During Practice Period

### TWO OF INJURED IN SERIOUS CONDITION

## Corporal Whose Life Was Ended By Bomb Is Buried With Full Military Honors

One enlisted man dead, four officers and one enlisted man wounded, is the result of the explosion of a live grenade at the Grenade School of Fire at St. John's Barracks, on Wednesday afternoon at about two o'clock during a practice period. Two of the officers are so seriously injured that their lives are in jeopardy, although the surgeons reported yesterday their opinion that all the injured would live.

Colonel W. C. Hend, commanding officer of St. John's Barracks, has appointed a board of investigation which is already at work on the case, but no statement has yet been made as to how the live bomb exploded with such rapid results, whether it was about to be thrown or whether it was in a box with a recalled "dummy" grenades and exploded when the box contents were dumped out.

Killed and Injured  
Corporal John L. Simmons, Company F, First Infantry, was killed instantly. His body being considerably mangled. His nearest relative resides in Piedmont, South Carolina.

In the group nearest the explosion were several officers who were more or less seriously injured. Captain Peter Sorenson, I. R. C., First Infantry, and First Lieutenant W. C. Hanna, same regiment, were very seriously injured, dying fragments striking their bodies. Captain Sorenson was a badly lacerated arm, one piece tearing a large hole in the upper part of his arm. Lieutenant Hanna was injured in the thigh. Both have been removed to the Department Hospital at Fort Shafter for special treatment.

Lieutenant Lawrence M. Page, First Infantry, received wounds in the thigh and First Lieut. William H. Young, I. R. C., First Infantry, was wounded in the side. The latter is from Maui and was formerly a major of the National Guard of the Valley Isle.

Sergeant Jim H. Gwynne, Company S, First Infantry, was injured in the hip as well as in the thigh. Immediately all the wounded men were hurried to the post hospital for first aid treatment, and afterward when it was found that Captain Sorenson and Lieutenant Hanna were more seriously wounded than the others it was decided to send them to the department hospital.

Colonel Hend reported shortly after the explosion to department headquarters, but no information was given out yesterday afternoon. Colonel Hend's report was sent in yesterday, giving the details of injuries and stating that the explosion was accidental. He also said that the surgeons in attendance believed all the injured men would recover.

The Grenade School of Fire is one of the most dangerous of all instruction details in the post owing to the danger to the quality of the explosives handled by the men. The grenades are so delicately adjusted that a mere slip of the mind in throwing is liable to bring serious, if not fatal, results to the thrower. On the first day a grenade was exploded at the First Reserve Officers' Training Camp last year, one fell upon the grass near a parapet and failed to explode. It was reported that the reasons for the high prices of foodstuffs was that the Turkish officers were all speculating. They bought wheat and flour from their military depots, the cost being debited against their pay, which was paid in paper. Then they sold the supplies for gold, which was worth five times more than paper. When Turkish evacuation seemed imminent, these officers all had to unload, and prices fell considerably.

### Accidents Frequent

It is explained that accidents similar to that of Wednesday are constantly occurring at posts upon the mainland and in France and are to be expected, particularly when men are training with deadly explosives to enable them to cope with an enemy.

In Wednesday's accident Captain Sorenson, who was very close to the grenade, was struck with terrific force by scattering fragments and his comrade would he was not killed.

Funeral services for Corporal Simmons were held by Chaplain H. Winters at the post chapel yesterday at two o'clock and he was buried with military honors in the post cemetery.

# Pays \$11.34 To Send \$85 Sack of Coal East

LOS ANGELES, February 8—Mrs. L. E. Luvall, 1102 East Twentieth Street paid \$11.34 to send an 85 cent sack of coal from Los Angeles to her sister in Bridgeport, Conn. She paid eighty-five cents for a 100-pound sack of coal, twenty cents for double packing, \$9.80 express charges and a forty-nine cent war tax on the shipment. It was expressed to Mrs. Arthur Hays 142 Sanford Avenue, Bridgeport, Conn. Mrs. Luvall said her sister was unable to get fuel to heat her home.

### NATIONAL MINES IN NEW SOUTH WALES

SYDNEY, February 10—(Associated Press)—The government of New South Wales has agreed to supply the States of Victoria, South Australia and West Australia with all the coal they need for a period of five years. The New South Wales government intends to nationalize all the coal mines in the State.

# HUNDREDS DIE IN GRANDSTAND'S FALL

## Women and Children Trampled To Death and Great Numbers Perish in Flames

LONDON, February 28—(Associated Press)—A hundred Chinese women and children were trampled to death in the panic that followed the collapse of a grandstand in Hongkong, according to a Reuters' despatch received here, and several hundred were burned to death in a fire which followed the collapse of the grandstand.

The tragedy occurred at the annual Jockey Club races, which substitute one of the chief sporting events of Hongkong and which are attended by thousands of Chinese as well as by practically the entire white population of the city.

While the races were in progress, the weight of the immense crowd caused the grandstand to fall. Many who were not killed directly by the collapse of the structure were trampled under foot by the frantic multitude.

To add to the horrors of the situation, fire broke out in the wrecked structure, and hundreds of helpless women and children died shrieking in the flames, from which the spectators were unable to rescue them.

# Germany Using Poor Materials In Making Airplanes

## Captured Flying Machine Brought To United States Reveals Fact That Inferior Stuff Went Into Its Manufacture

WASHINGTON, February 28—(Associated Press)—Germany is unable to obtain suitable materials for the construction of airplanes, it is demonstrated by the use of inferior materials which have been brought to the United States. The close blockade imposed by the United States and the Allies, and the exhaustion of her own resources, are making it necessary for Germans to use poor material in the manufacture of her air craft.

The airplane which has been brought to this country reveals upon examination the use of inferior materials, proving that the Germans are hard put to it to obtain those which they need in the construction of airplanes.

# JERUSALEM HAPPY AT LOW PRICES

LONDON, February 10—(Associated Press)—"Jerusalem today is smiling and contented," says a letter from an officer in the British forces there. "Food supplies are not abundant, but they are sufficient. Affluent people never were in want, but during the war prices went up so high and the paper money was at such a discount that the poor suffered greatly, and there were actually many deaths from slow starvation."

"Conditions have now undergone a remarkable change. We are giving employment to all the men in road-making at ample rates of pay. Even the young boys assist at the light work and at meal times whole families join the menfolk at their meals by the roadside."

"One of the reasons for the high prices of foodstuffs was that the Turkish officers were all speculating. They bought wheat and flour from their military depots, the cost being debited against their pay, which was paid in paper. Then they sold the supplies for gold, which was worth five times more than paper. When Turkish evacuation seemed imminent, these officers all had to unload, and prices fell considerably."

# ALIEN SLACKER BILL PASSED IN HOUSE

WASHINGTON, February 28—(Associated Press)—Following the announcement from the state department that the Italian and French governments had signed the treaties empowering the United States to draft their nationals holding first naturalization papers and that the British and Canadian authorities had signed conventions to the same general effect, the Alien Slacker Bill was passed on third reading in the house yesterday.

# PRICE FIXING CURBS GREEDY PROFITEERS

WASHINGTON, February 28—(Associated Press)—Selfish and unpatriotic traders and merchants who have been taking advantage of the situation created by the war to boost prices and make undue profits have been curbed by the government, according to a statement yesterday by Senator Lodge. He said that government price fixing will prevent further profiteering.

# AN IMPROVED QUININE DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEAD

Because of its tonic and invigorating effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE will be found better than ordinary Quinine. Does not cause nervousness, nor ringing in the head. Remember, there is only one "Bromo Quinine." The signature of H. P. Grogan is on each bottle.

# RED TAPE RETARDS AIRCRAFT BUILDING

## Interminable Delays At Washington Over Contracts and Supplies Hold Up Work

By HERBERT G. WALKER (Mail Special to The Advertiser)  
WASHINGTON, February 12—Complaints are circulating here about undue delays with the manufacture of flying machines for the European war. A specific complaint, the correctness of which is not vouched for, but which is mentioned for whatever it may be, has to do with "dope" for the covering of wings. It is understood that each flying machine requires about fifty gallons, more or less, of this dope and that plans have been about to provide between 5,000,000 and 10,000,000 gallons, the supply to take care also of the interests of the allied nations in the manufacture of machines.

It is said that the Aircraft Production Board, and kindred authorities having to do with providing this "dope," have been delaying for over two months in making it ready. Here, of course, as the story goes, nitrate of cellulose has been chiefly used for making these wings, it having proper characteristics that not only fill the pores of the fabric but also make it lighter. The nitrate of cellulose, however, is highly inflammable which is said to account for the frequent burning of flying machines when in the air. Not only will an enemy bullet or other missile occasionally set fire to the airplane wings but it has been known that sparks from the motors would start the fire in mid-air.

Consequently there has been a search for some material that is not inflammable and formulae have been studied out by the French and Americans, which have as a basis acetate of cellulose, having as one of its prominent elements acetate of lime, the supply of which is very limited. The claim is made that there is practically no difference between the French and American formulae but that a decision of the question of supplies and the making of contracts has been delayed indefinitely, referred first from one bureau to another and then from one scientist to another.

Probably the senate military affairs committee could quickly get authoritative information on this subject, were its members to make an effort. The question of fullest possible protection for these flying machines is, of course, of very great moment. Naturally the agents and attorneys, on the outside, are impatient, possibly over-impatient. Delays but, as the story goes, the delay in this instance have outrun the ordinary business requirements for "careful procedure."

It should be said, perhaps, that inquiries have generally indicated that the aircraft production board was getting along fairly well with its great tasks of raising an army of flyers and in providing vehicles for flight.

# NEXT DRAFT CALL IN MAY OR JUNE, CONGRESS IS TOLD

WASHINGTON, February 12—Representative Flood of Virginia, representing the Administration on the house floor this afternoon in opposing the so-called "alien slacker" bill, declared that the next draft is not likely to come before May or June. The state news was made to reassure members who feared that foreigners might not be subject to the next call unless congressional action was taken at once.

# PRECAUTIONS IN HANDLING MUNITIONS

WASHINGTON, February 28—(Associated Press)—Director General of Railroads McAdoo yesterday issued regulations providing for the rigid control of sugar shipments in the navigable waters of the United States and of the provisioning and handling of munition ships. Every possible precaution is to be taken to prevent a repetition in an American port of the Haiti disaster.

Collectors of customs in the various ports are to be instructed to enforce the new regulations.

# ADMIRAL FISKE HEADS ARMY AND NAVY CLUB

NEW YORK, February 15—Rear Admiral Bradley D. Fiske, U. S. N., retired, has been elected president of the Army and Navy Club here by the governors of that organization, it was announced today. The club has a membership of 2,200 all officers in the two services.

# ANOTHER AMERICAN GIRL IS A PEERESS

LONDON, February 20—(Associated Press)—Almeric Paget, one of the new peers has decided to take the title of Baron Queensborough.

Almeric Hugh Paget married an American girl, Miss Pauline Whitney, daughter of the late William C. Whitney, once secretary of the navy. His wife now becomes the Baroness Queensborough. Paget lived for many years in the United States, engaging in ranch life and farming in the Northwest and afterward lived in New York City.

# AMERICAN GAS VICTIMS WERE SIXTY; DEATH RELIEVES FIVE

## Majority Listed As Casualties In Wednesday's Fighting Are Not Seriously Affected, Says Paris

PARIS, February 28—(Associated Press)—Two more Americans listed among the casualties from the German gas attack on the Lorraine front on Wednesday died at the first aid station yesterday, making five deaths in all from gas following that action. Altogether sixty Americans are numbered among the gas victims, but the majority of them are not badly affected.

There were infantry raids all along the Western front during the past twenty-four hours, the British and French carrying out a series of widely separated points, while the Germans also threw raiding parties against both the French and British trenches.

### GERMANS REPULSED

Two German raids in force were attempted against the French, one on the Chemin des Dames sector, close to that portion where Americans are employed, and another at Butte de Mesnil. Both raids were repulsed.

An attack by a large raiding party was launched at St. Quentin by the Germans, the British meeting it with a heavy fire and driving the Teutons back before they had reached the front line.

### BERLIN REPORTS

Berlin wireless reports interpreted here claim that yesterday the Germans brought down fifteen Entente airplanes and two captive balloons. No reports from either British or French headquarters have been received to justify this claim.

Berlin also reports having captured two regiments of Russians, whose retreat north of Dorpat had been cut off. Dorpat is in Livonia, about a hundred miles south of the Gulf of Finland.

# NAVY TUG LOST WITH THIRTY MEN

Cherokee, Battered In Gale, Went Down Off Delaware Cape

WASHINGTON, February 28—(Associated Press)—The navy tug *Cherokee* foundered and went down off the Delaware Cape yesterday and thirty men of her crew are believed to have been lost.

The tug was attempting to round the cape in a gale, which swept the waters over her in great floods, drowning her engines and making her helpless. As she fell into the trough of the sea she was swept under and battered.

The boatwain and nine members of the crew who managed to launch one of the rafts were saved, being the sole survivors from the vessel.

# WALSH APPOINTED ON PUBLIC POLICY BOARD

WASHINGTON, February 28—(Associated Press)—Frank Walsh of Kansas City, well known leader of organized labor, has been appointed to represent labor on the public national policy board. He will have as one of his fellow members former President Taft, who was appointed to represent capital.

The public national policy board has been created for the purpose of arranging all classes of people to the necessity of winning the war and for the purpose of coordinating efforts along that line.

# PRINCE ADALBERT HAS WRITTEN A BOOK

AMSTERDAM, February 20—(Associated Press)—Prince Adalbert of Prussia, third son of the German Emperor, is the author of a new book entitled "With My Battalion in the Front Line Trenches." It deals with his experiences as commander of German machines on the coast of Flanders near Zeebrugge.